

**Spring 2018-2019**  
**Math 342**  
*Applied Mathematics*

**Apr 15**

Solve the given Fredholm integro-differential equation by *direct computation method*.

1.  $y'(x) = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{36}x - \int_0^1 xty(t)dt; y(0) = \frac{1}{6}.$

2.  $y'(x) = \frac{x}{21} - \int_0^1 xty(t)dt; y(0) = \frac{1}{6}.$

3.  $y''(x) = -\sin x + x - \int_0^{\pi/2} xty(t)dt; y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1.$

4.  $y''(x) = \frac{9}{4} - \frac{x}{3} + \int_0^1 (x-t)y(t)dt; y(0) = y'(0) = 0.$

5.  $y'(x) = \cos x + 1 - x + \int_0^{\pi/2} (x-t)y(t)dt; y(0) = 0.$